

# Emission-line galaxies as tracers of the Large-Scale structure

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**Álvaro Orsi**

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CEFCA Cosmo group



Massively Parallel Large Area Spectroscopy from Space", Pasadena, 19-20 October 2018

AYA2015-66211-C2-2P MINECO FEDER, UE

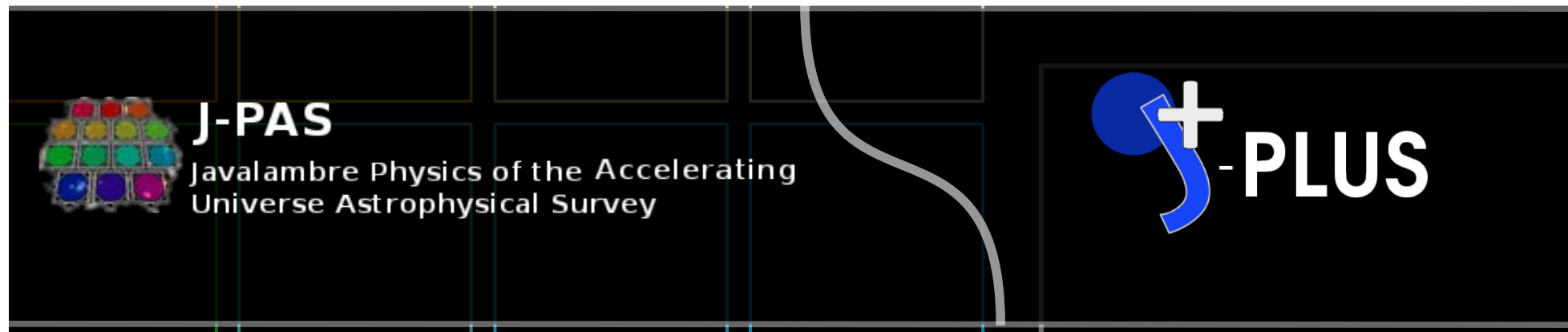


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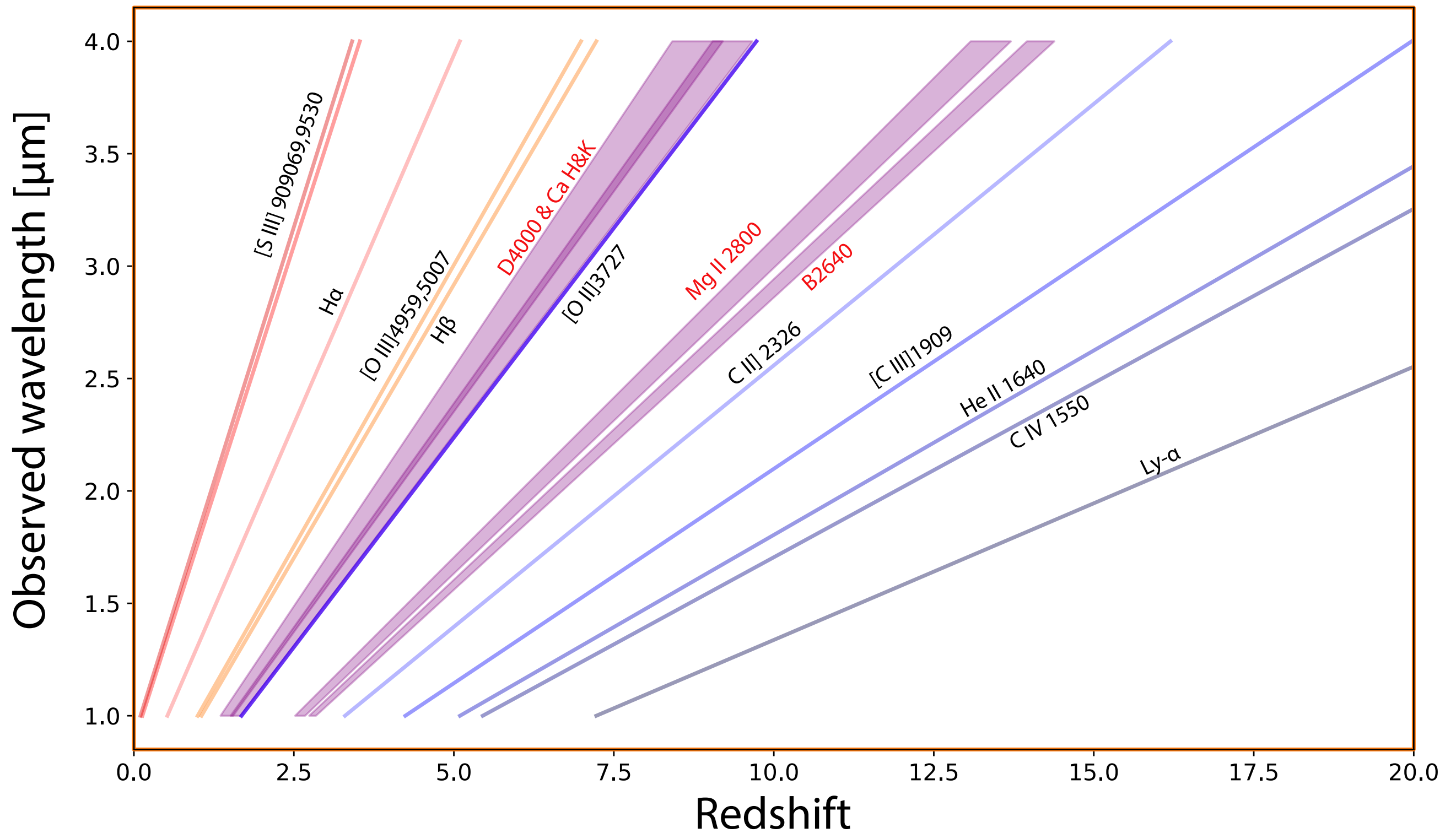
# ELG surveys



euclid



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ATLAS Probe (Wang et al. 2018)



**J-PAS**

Javalambre Physics of the Accelerating  
Universe Astrophysical Survey

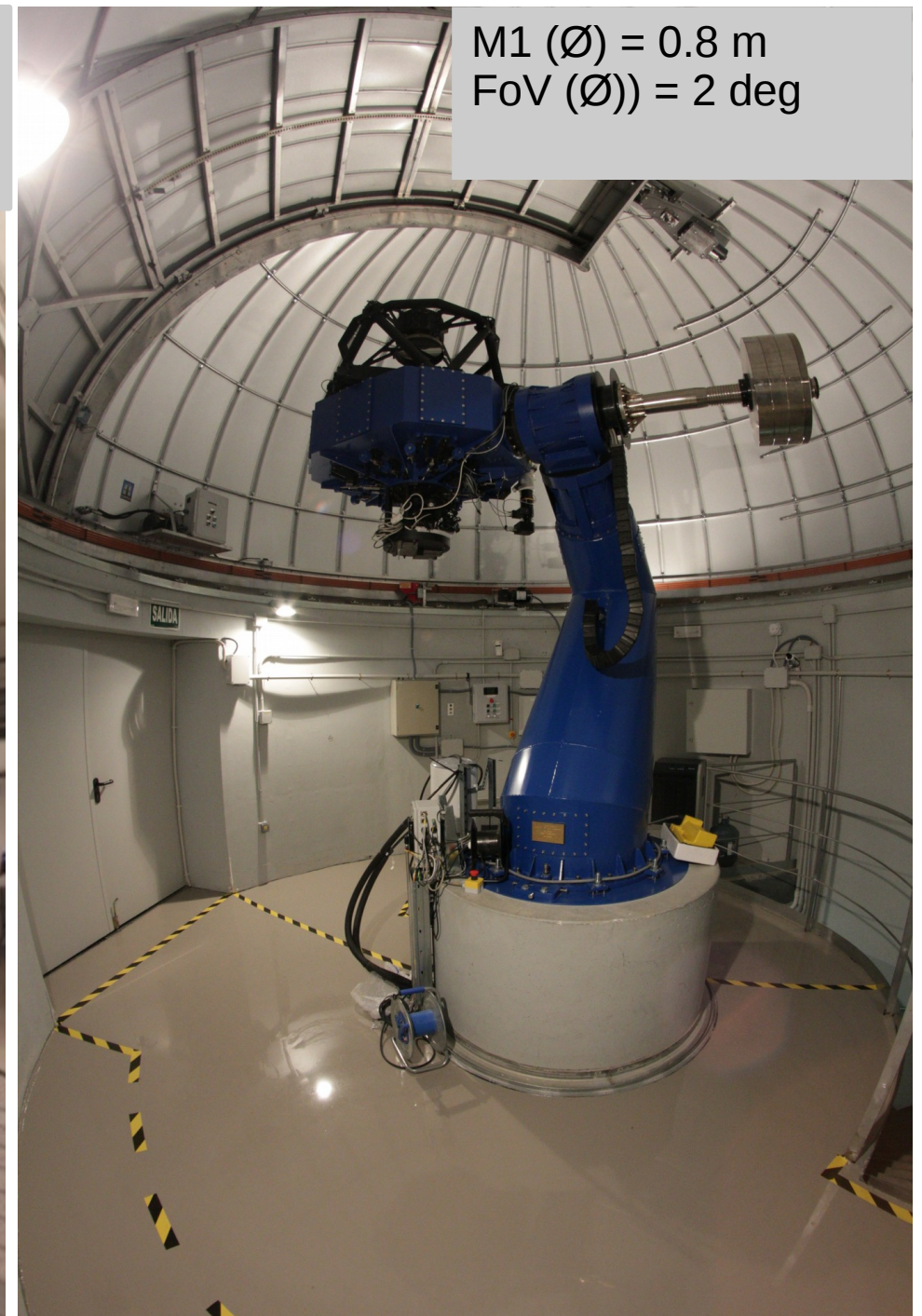


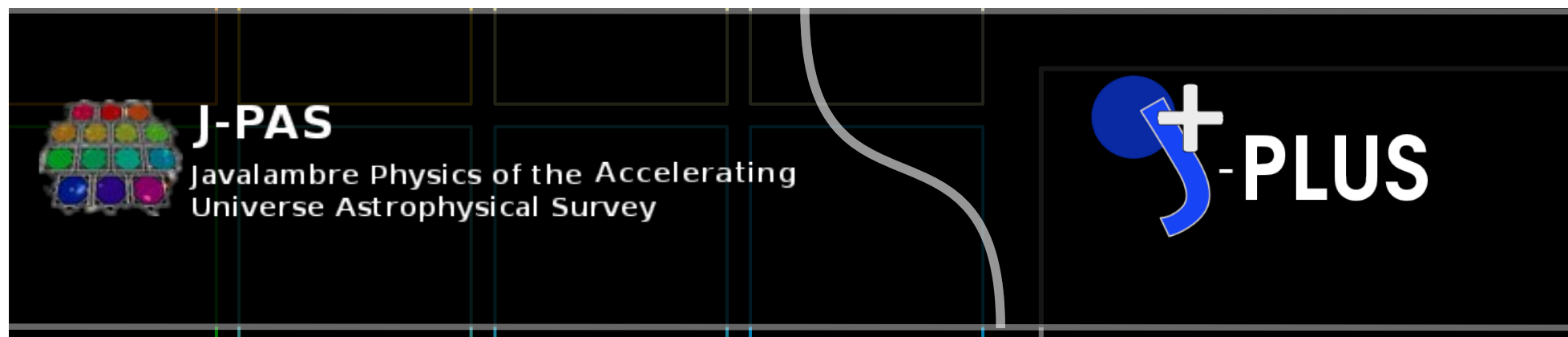
M1 ( $\emptyset$ ) = 2.55 m  
FoV ( $\emptyset$ ) = 3 deg = 476 mm at FP  
Etendue = 27.5 m<sup>2</sup>deg<sup>2</sup>

Currently equipped  
with the  
“pathfinder” camera

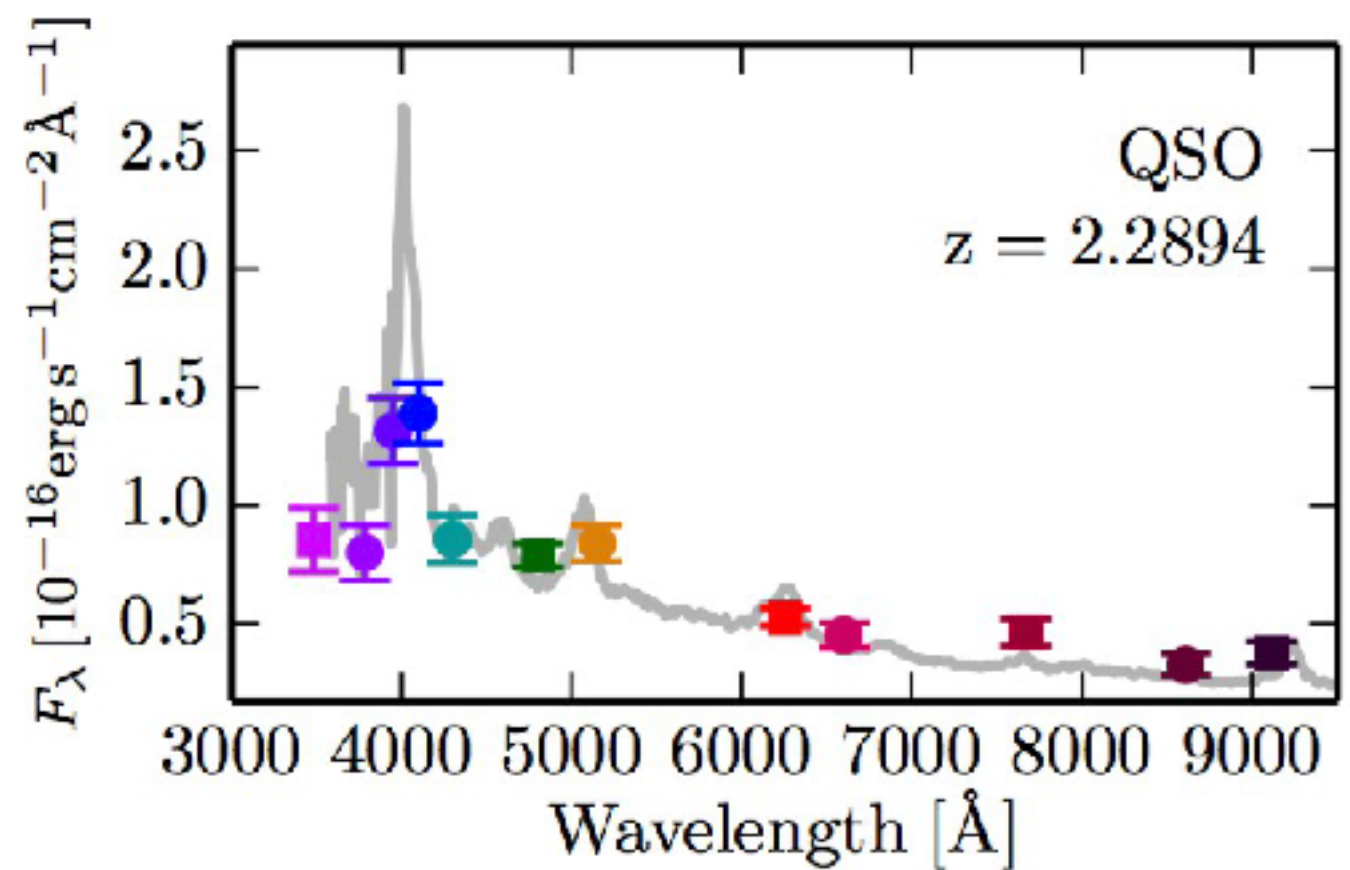
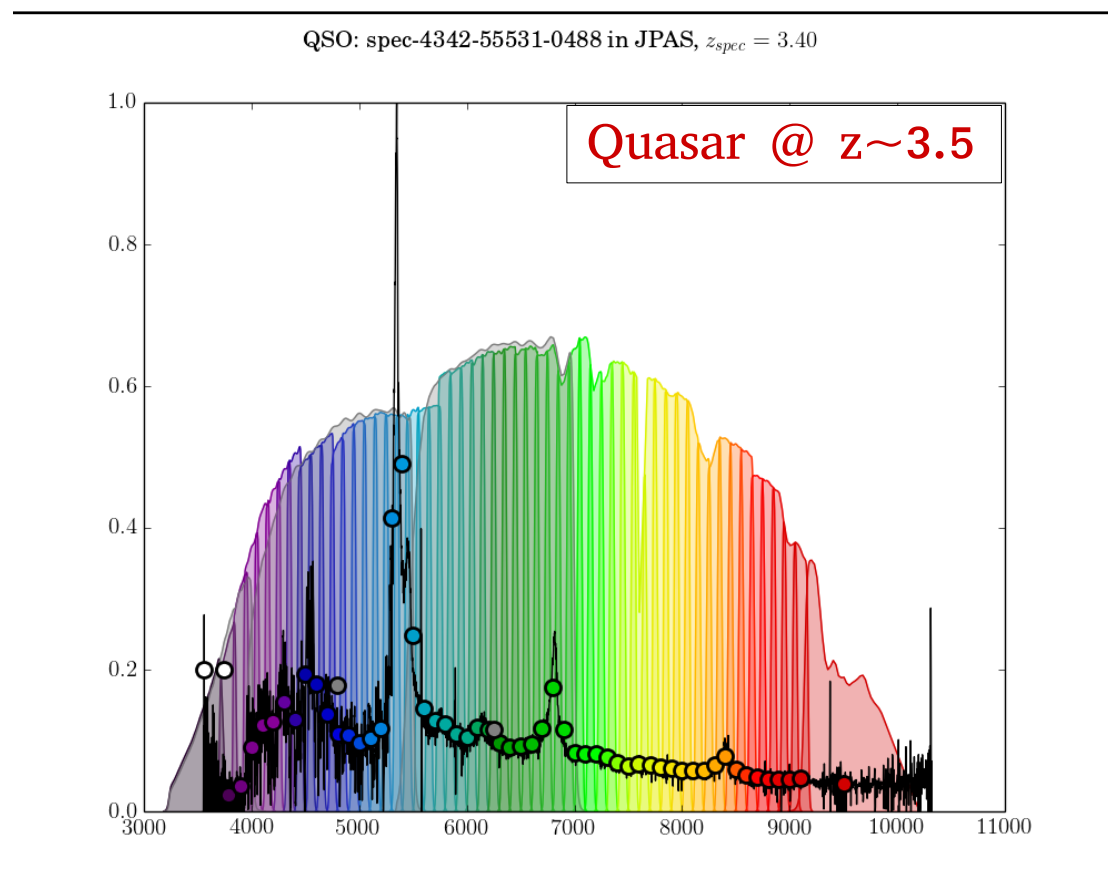


M1 ( $\emptyset$ ) = 0.8 m  
FoV ( $\emptyset$ ) = 2 deg



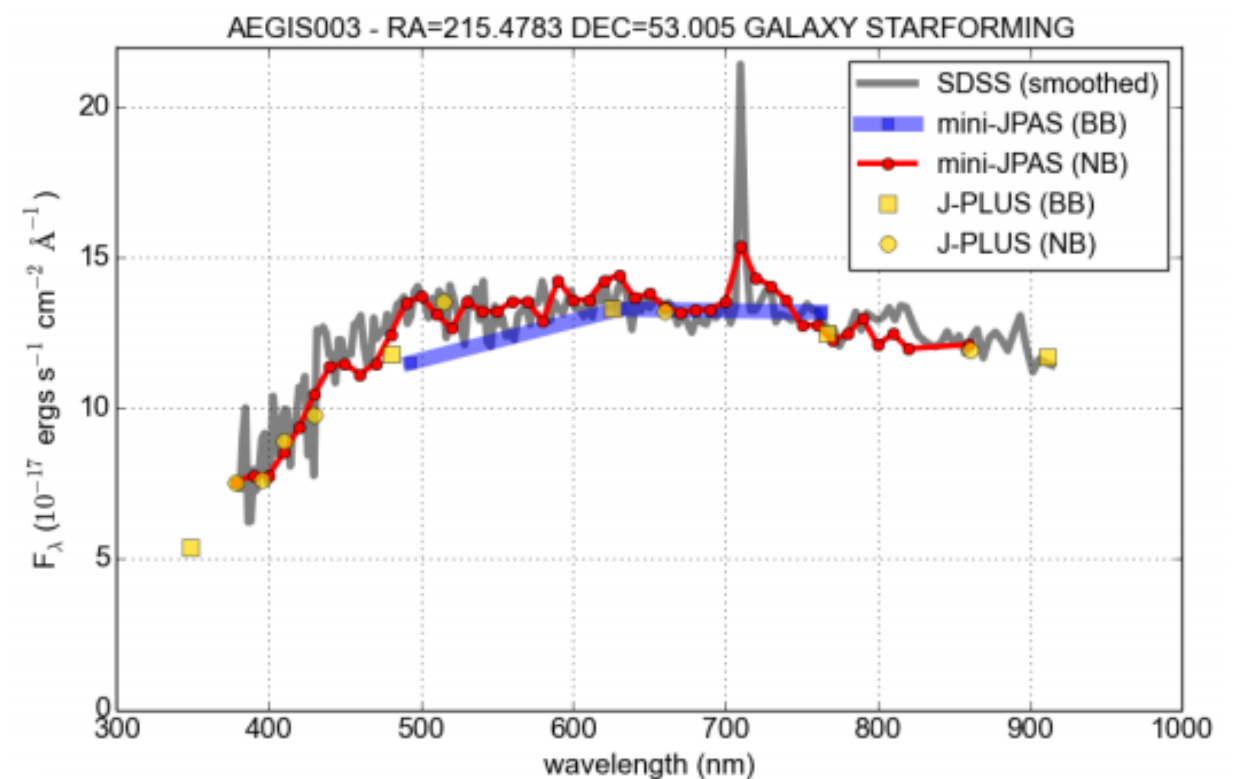
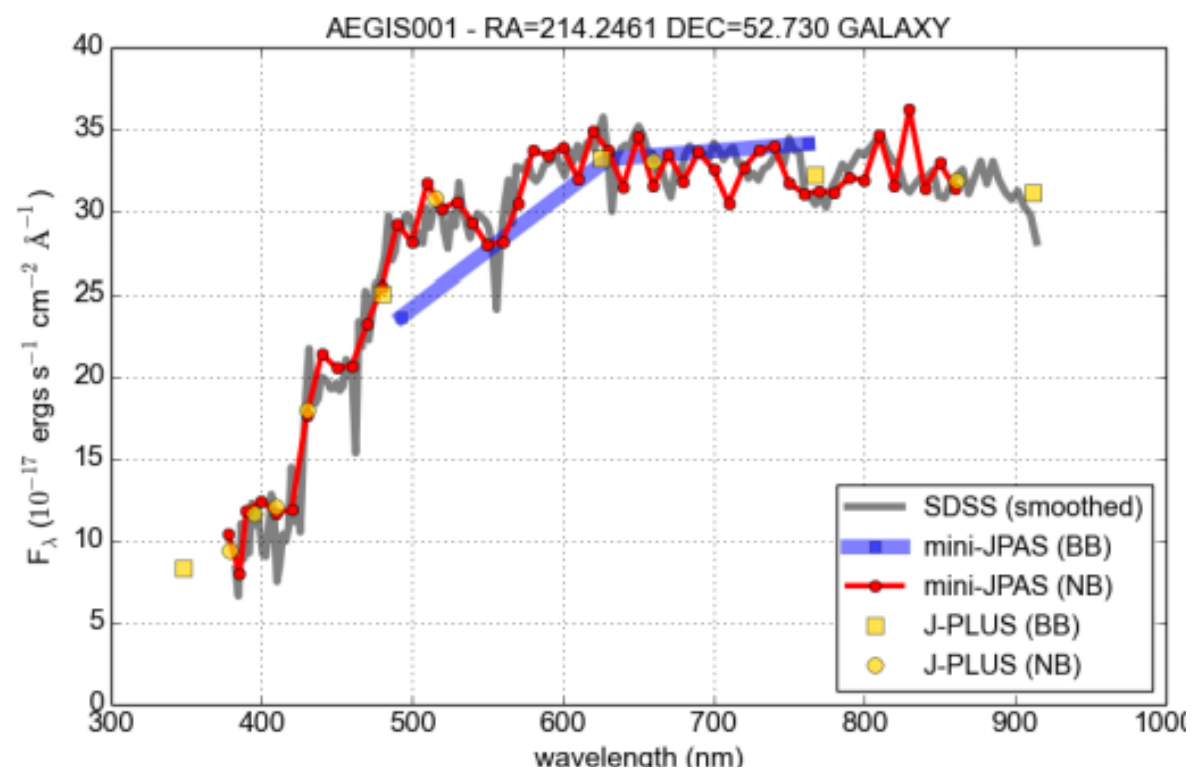
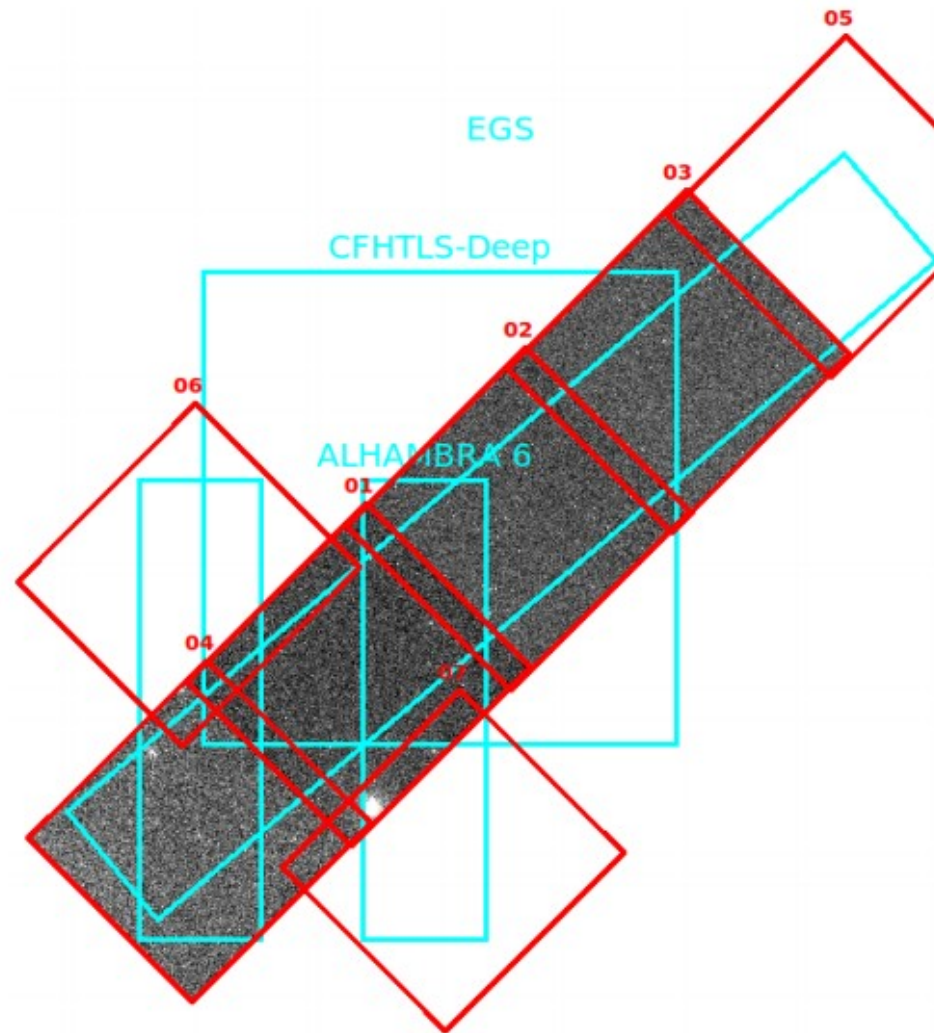


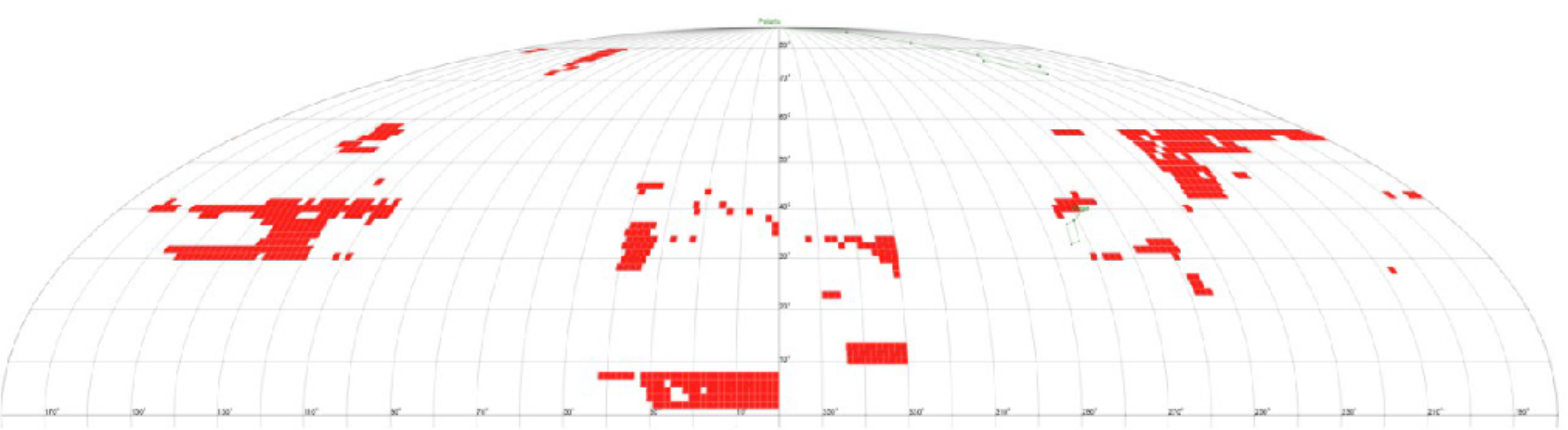
## Spectro-photometry



# mini J-PAS

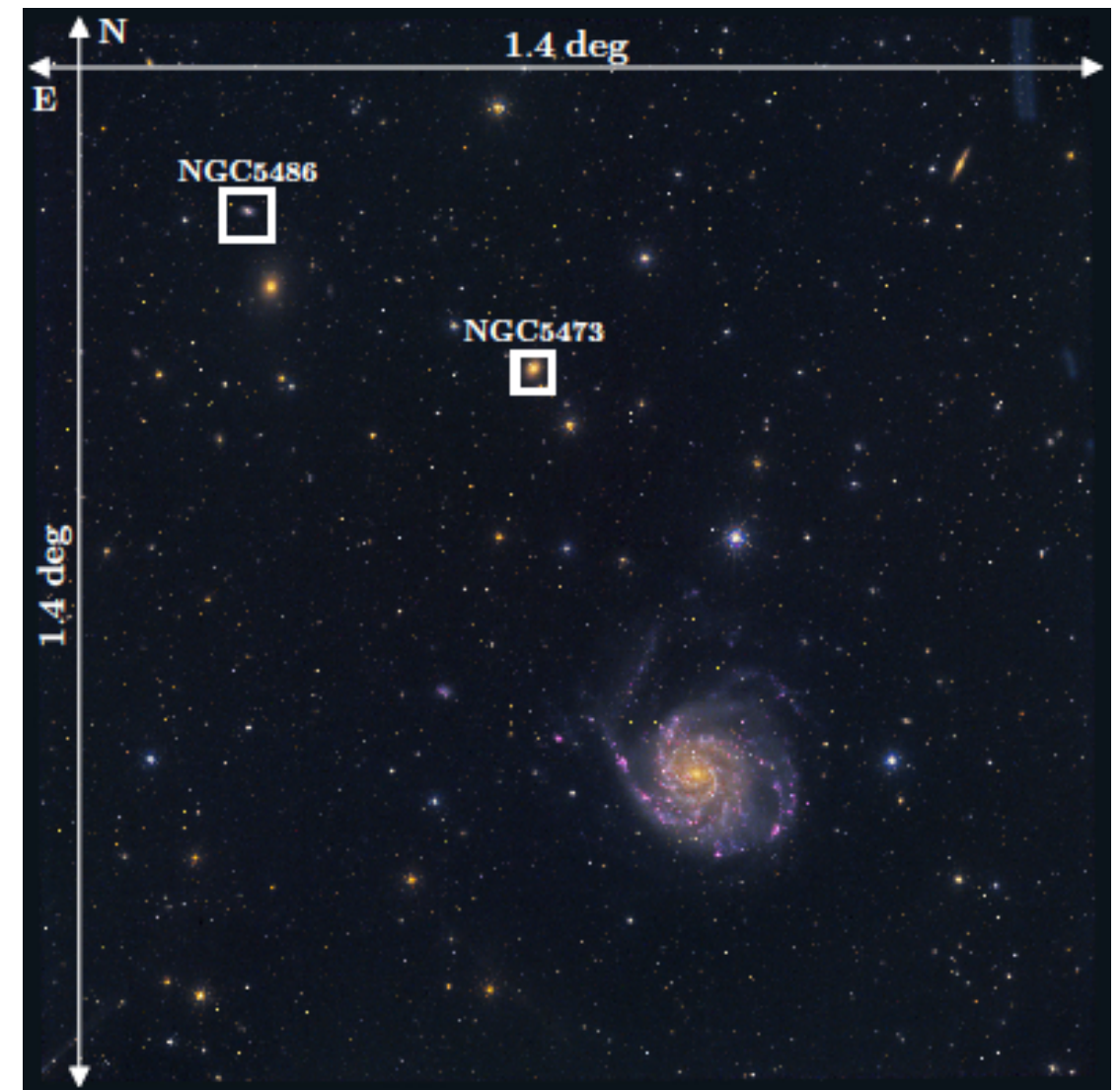
Full filter coverage over  $\sim 1 \text{ deg}^2$   
with Pathfinder camera



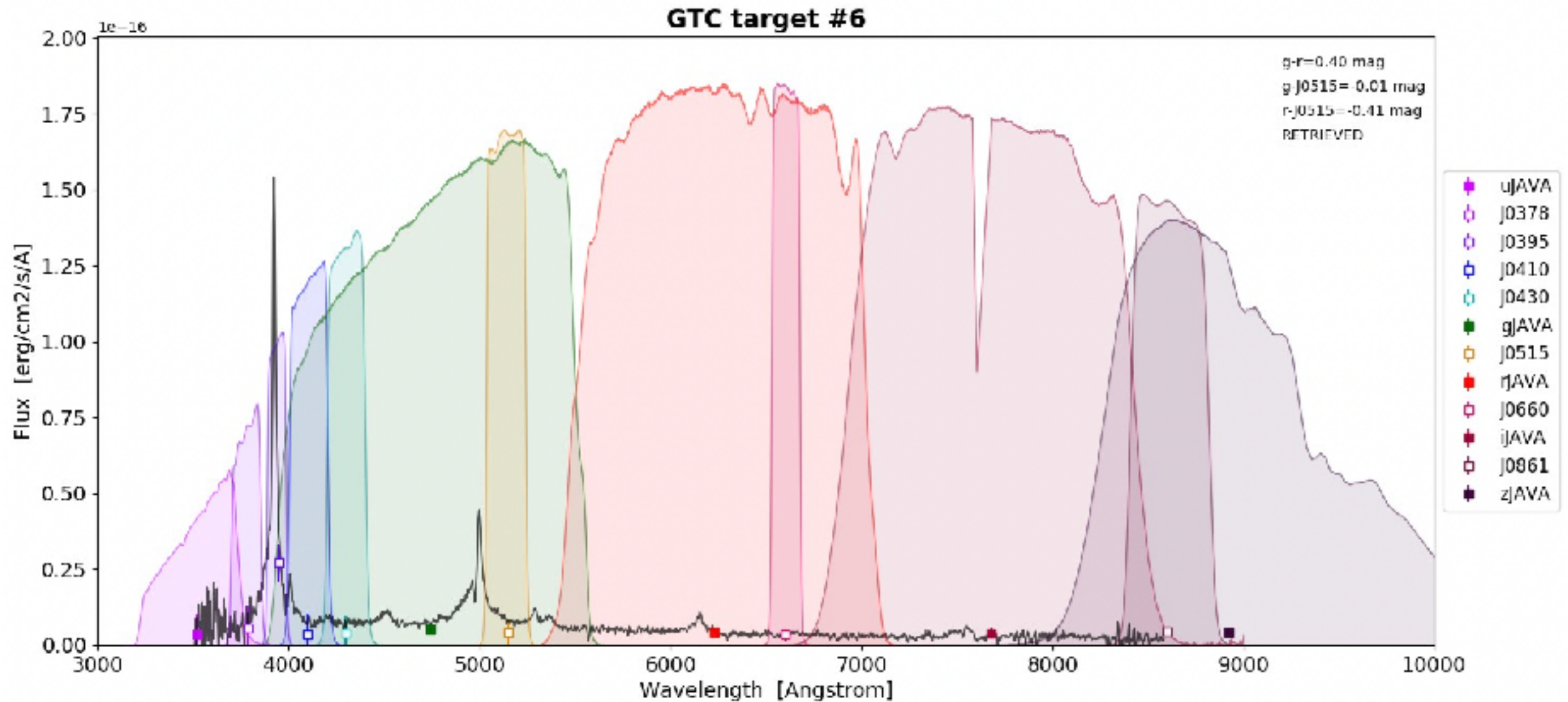


Cenarro et al. (2018)

J-PLUS DR1: over 1000 deg<sup>2</sup>

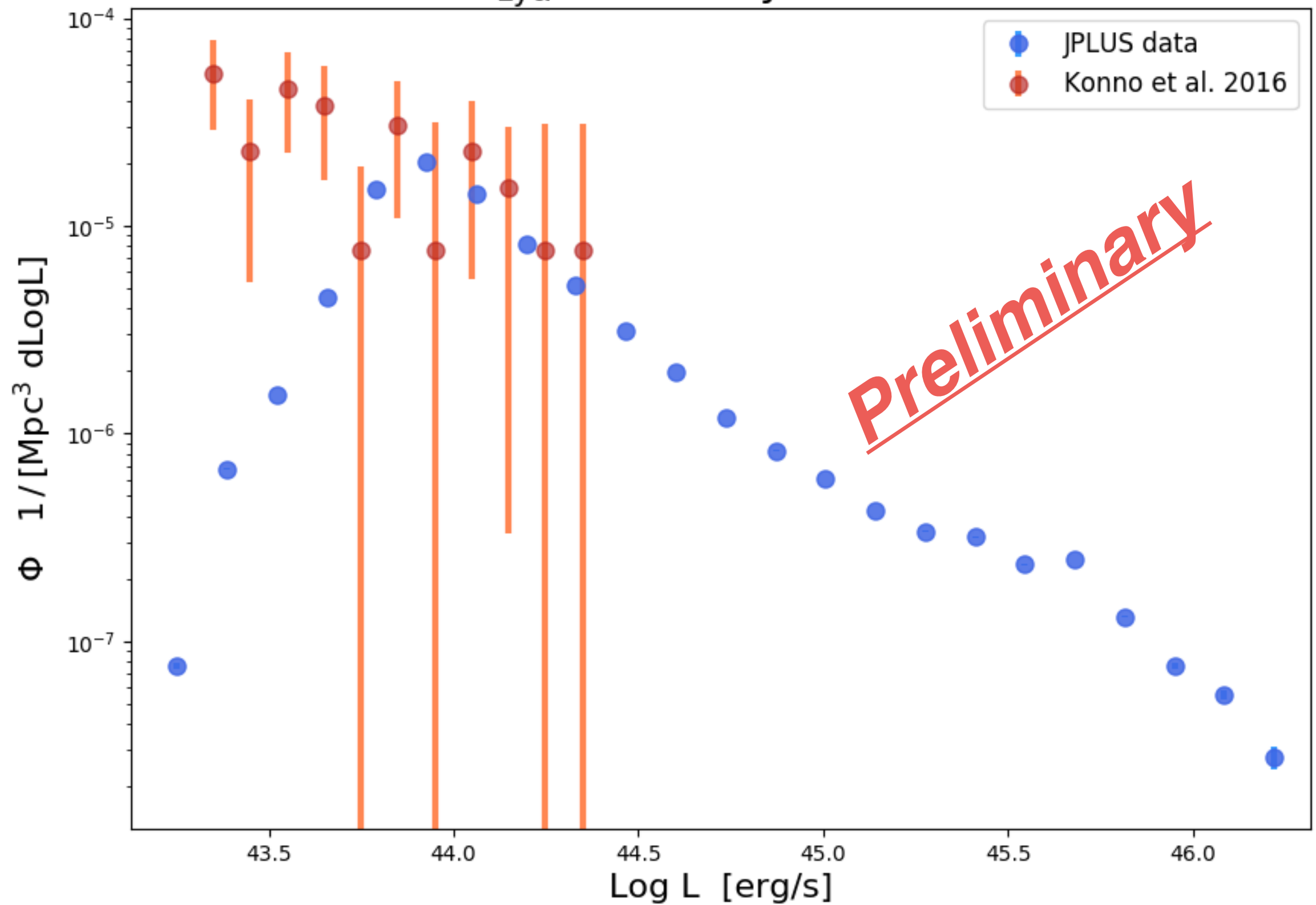


# Extreme LAEs at $z \sim 2.2$ with J-PLUS DR1 and GTC spectroscopy

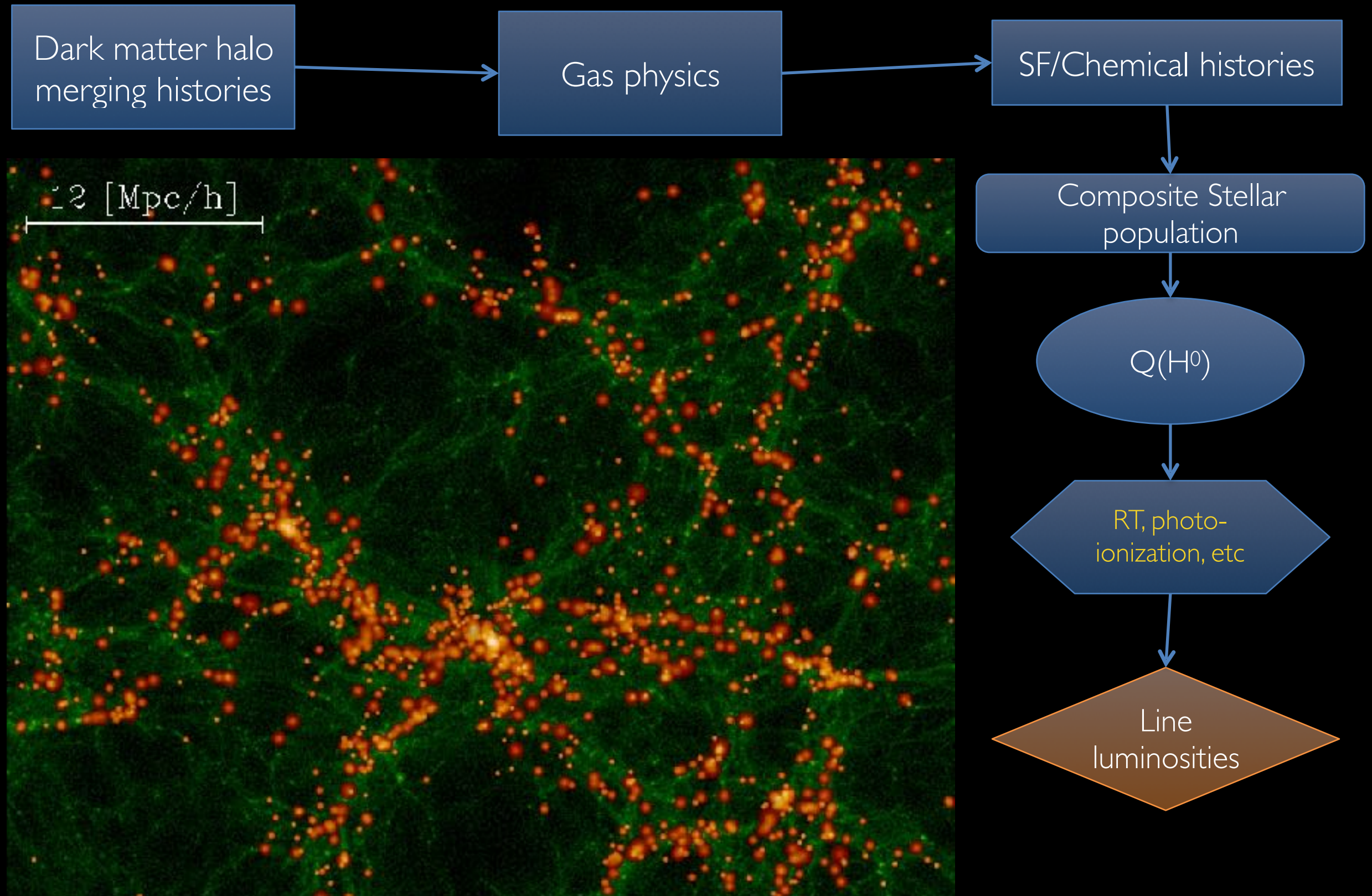


Spinoso, Orsi et al. (in prep.)

# $L_{\text{Ly}\alpha}$ luminosity function

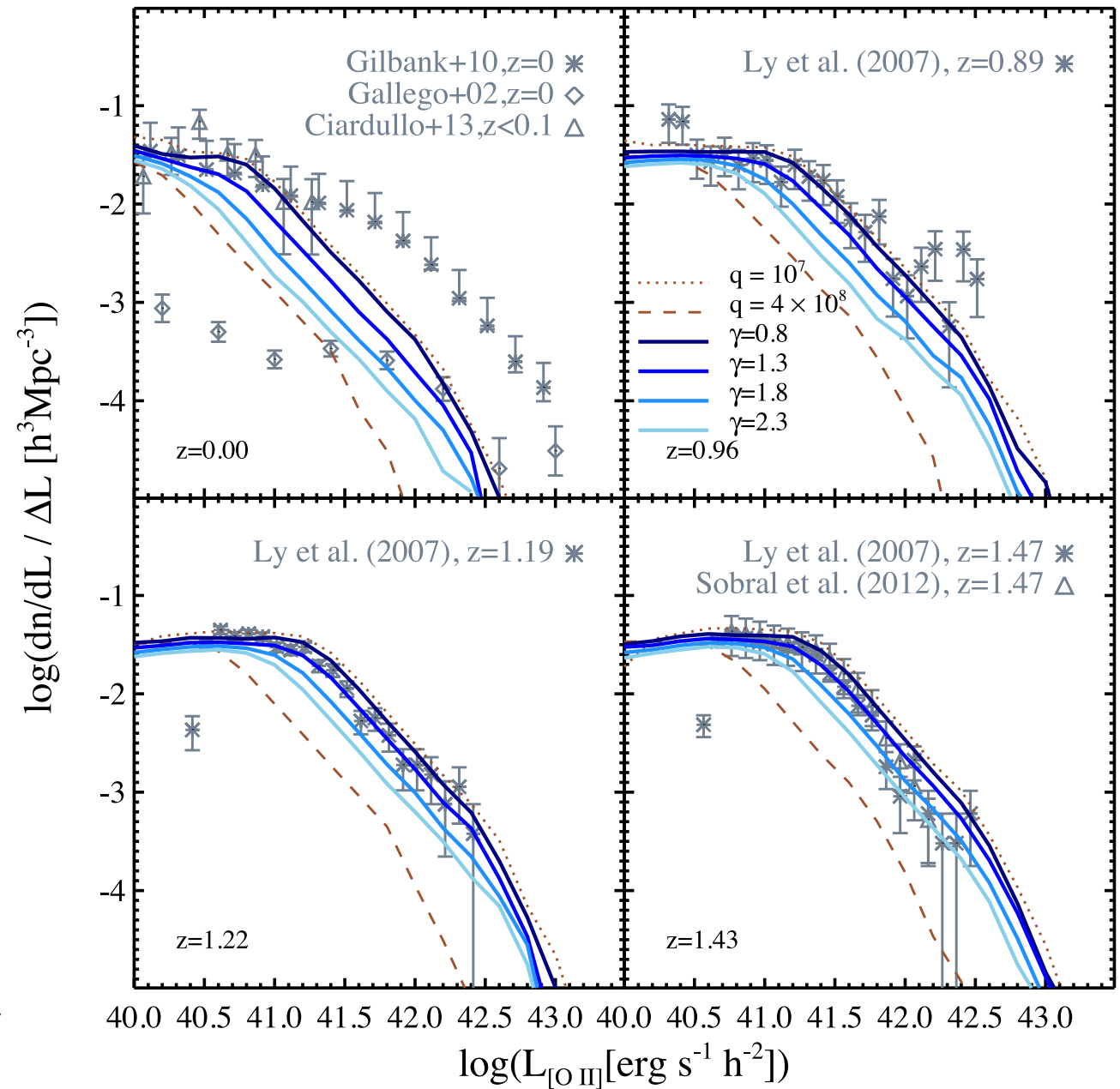
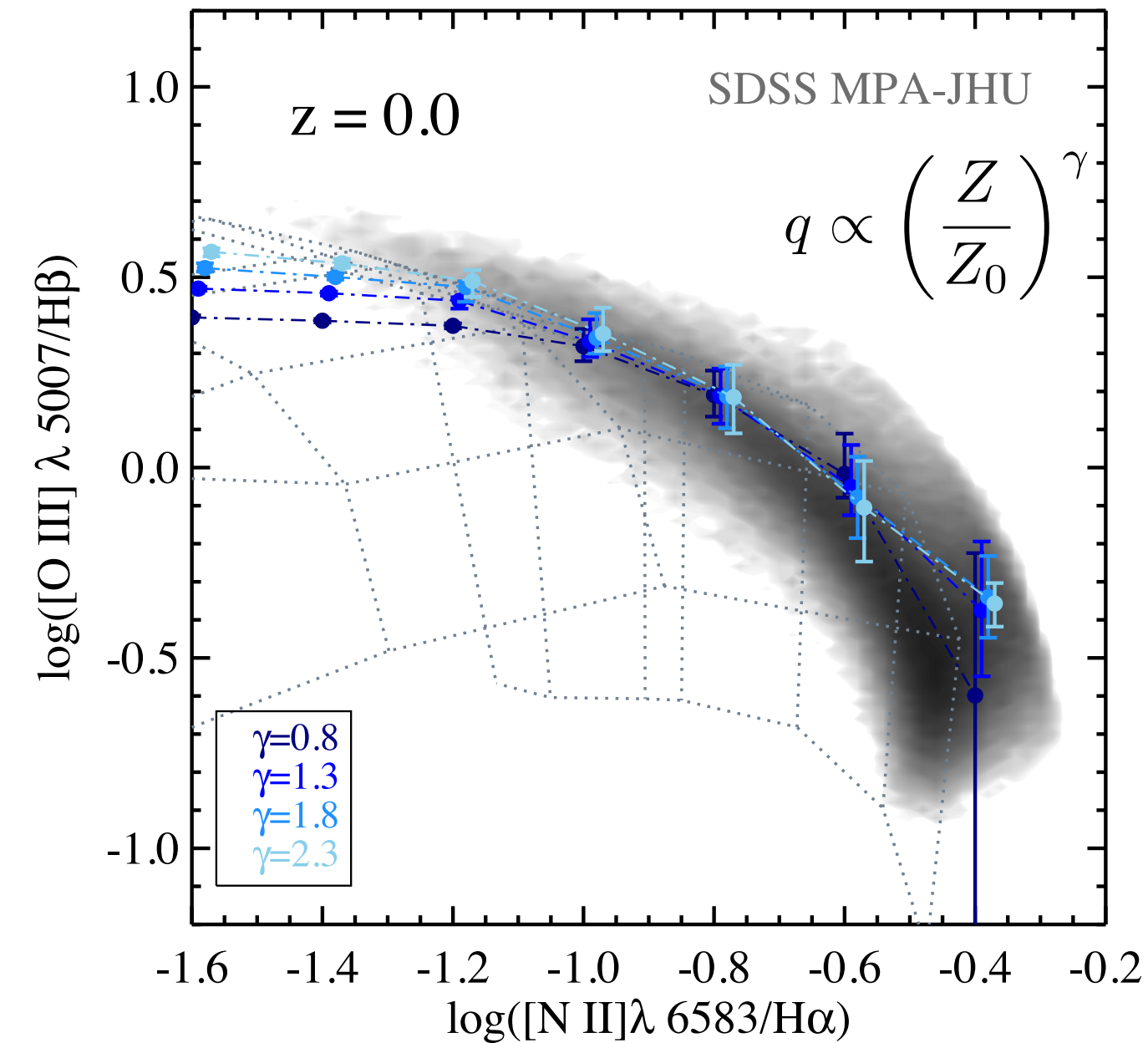


# Semi-analytical models of Galaxy formation



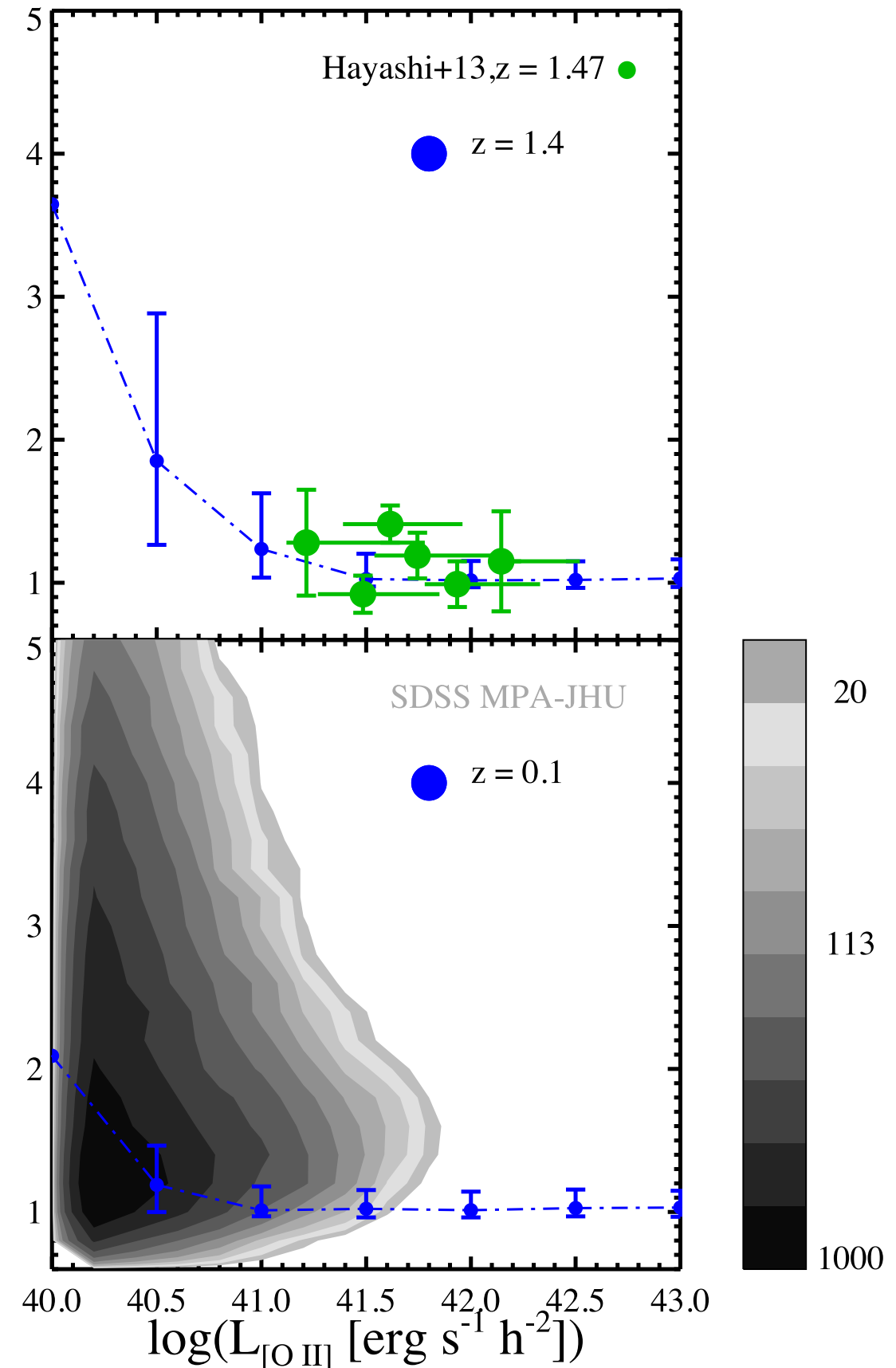
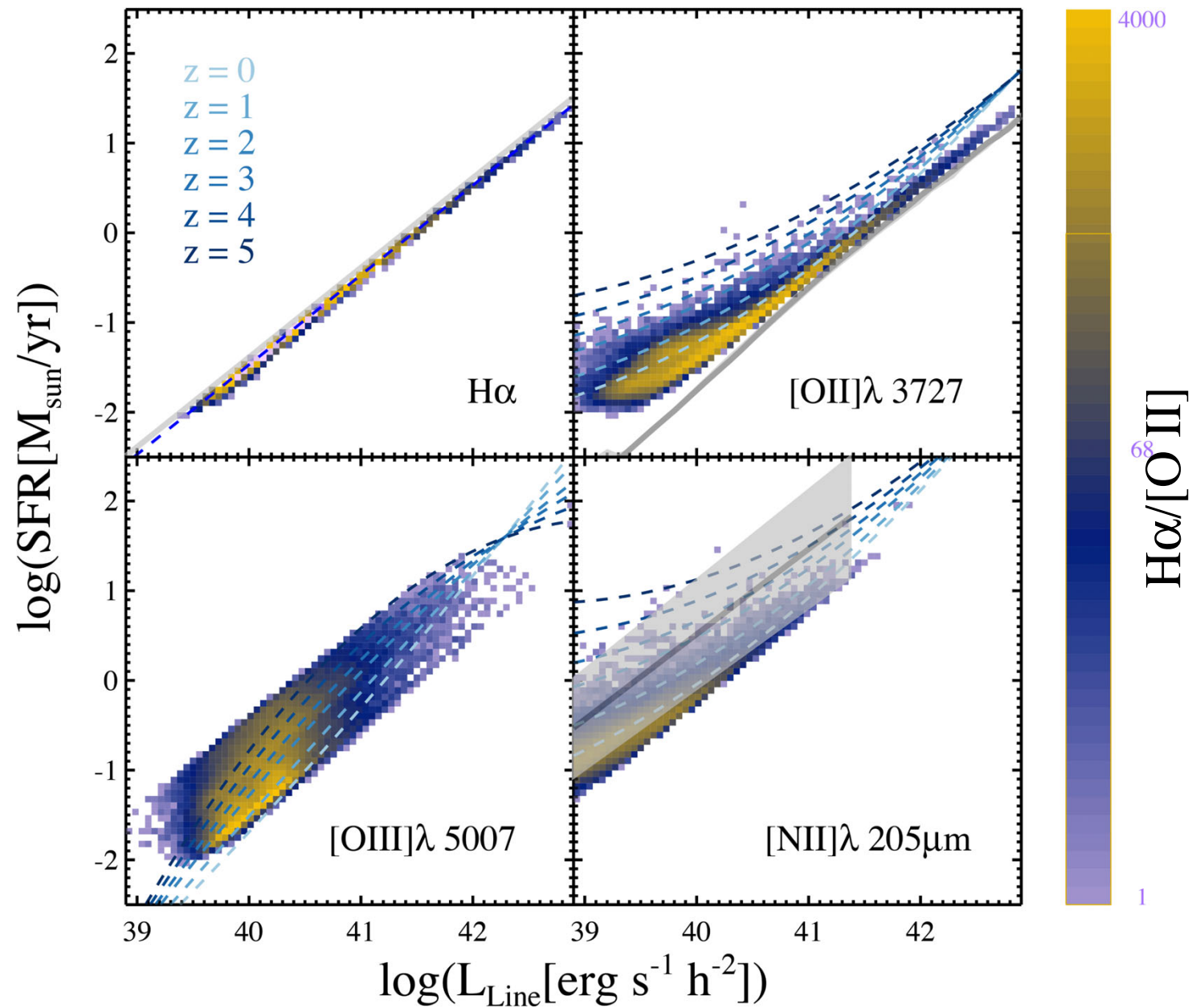
# Simple modeling of the ionization parameter: **very important!**

OII LFs vary with  $q$



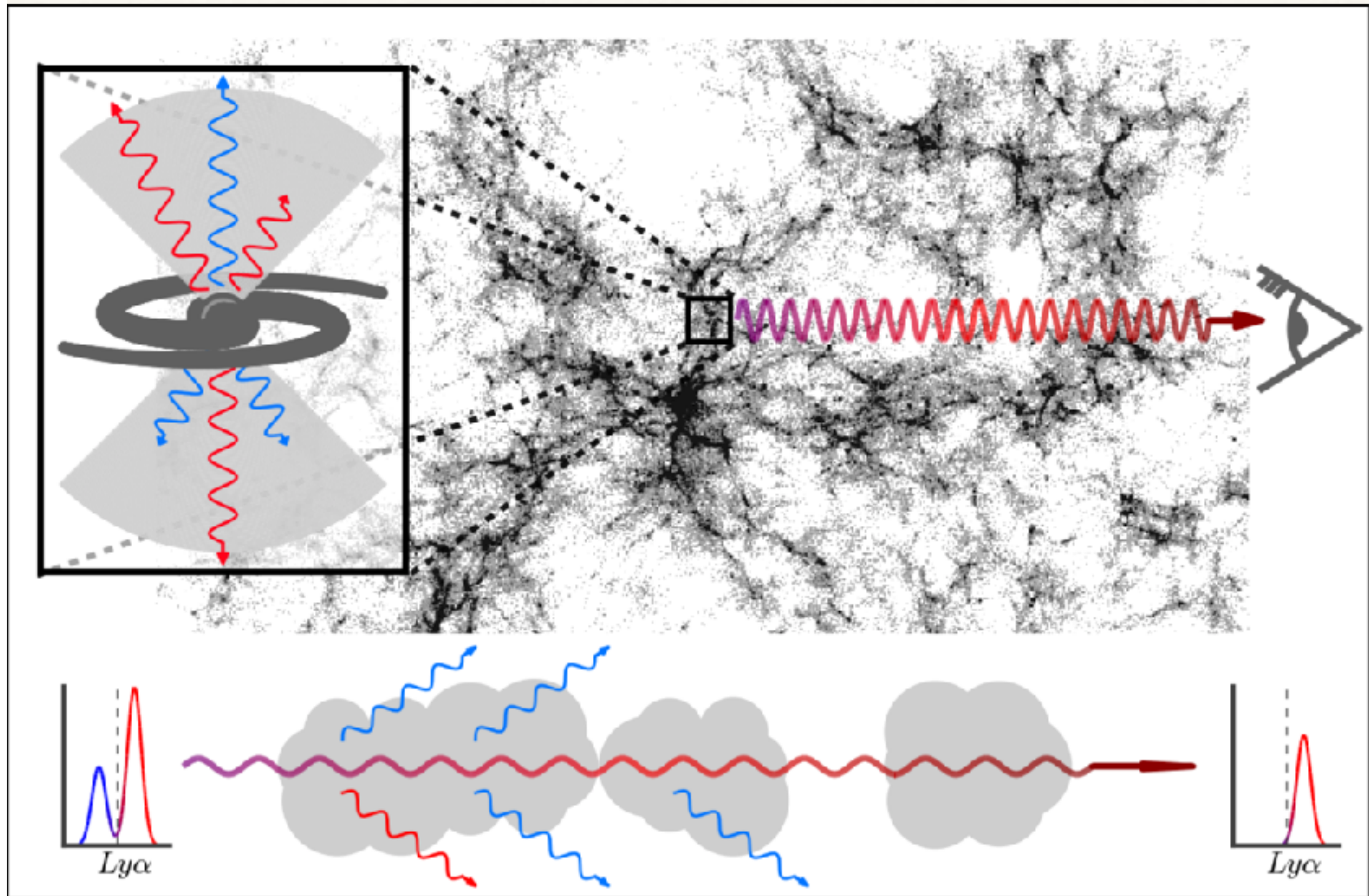
Orsi+14

Orsi+14



A diversity of line fluxes and ratios consistent with observations

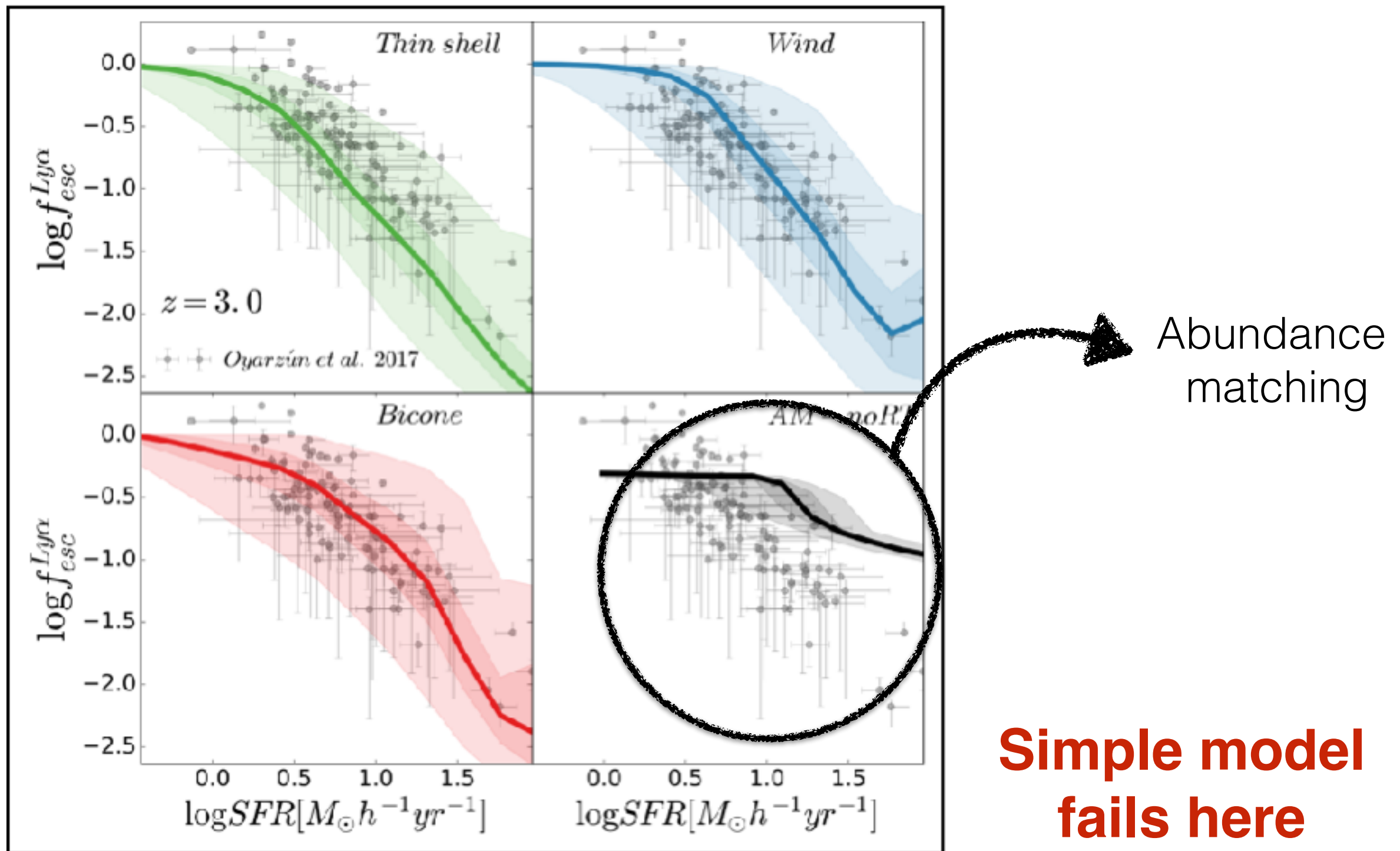
# Modeling LAEs over cosmological volumes



Gurung-Lopez, Orsi et al. (2018a)

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# The impact of RT on LAE properties



Gurung-Lopez, Orsi et al. 2018

$$L_{\text{Ly}\alpha} = L_{\text{Ly}\alpha,0} \times f_{\text{esc}}^{\text{galaxy}} \times f_{\text{esc}}^{\text{IGM}}$$

Intrinsic Lyman  $\alpha$   
Line Profile

(Galaxy properties: SFR, Z, etc)

×

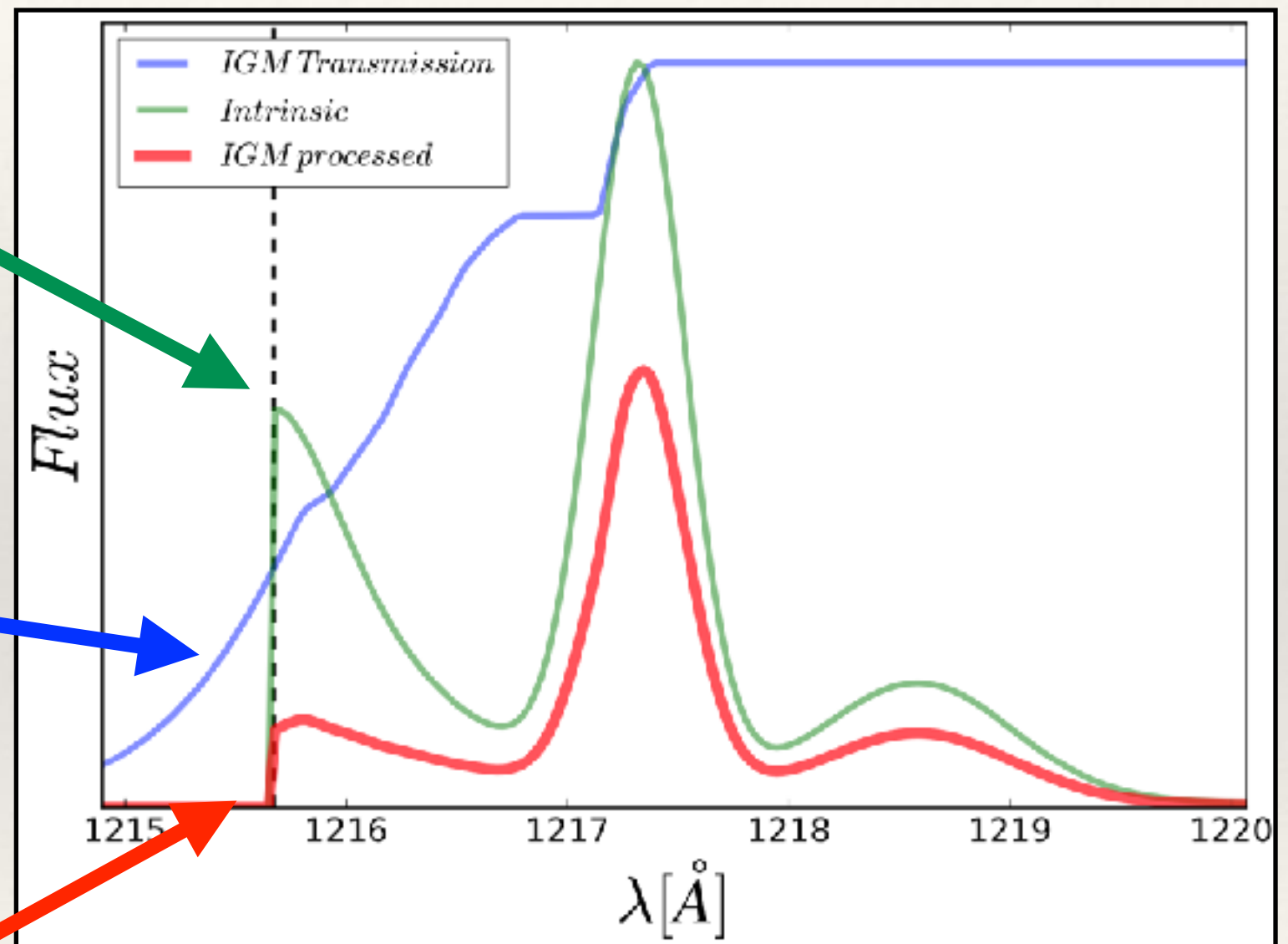
IGM Transmission

(Local galaxy environment :  
density, velocity, UV background)

=

Observed Line Profile

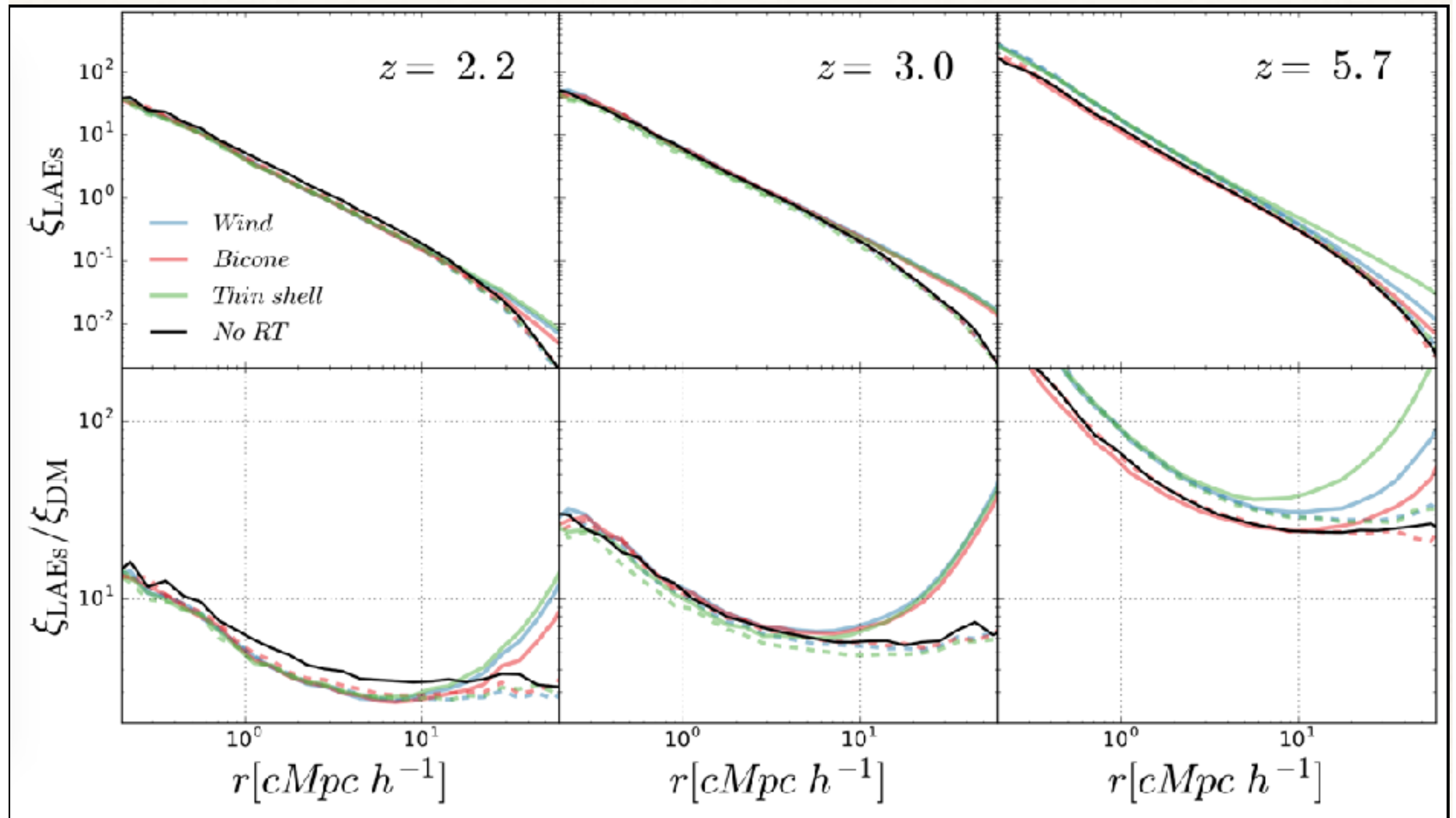
( Galaxy Prop. × Environment )



Gurung-Lopez, Orsi et al. (in prep.)

Álvaro Orsi, aaorsi@cefca.es

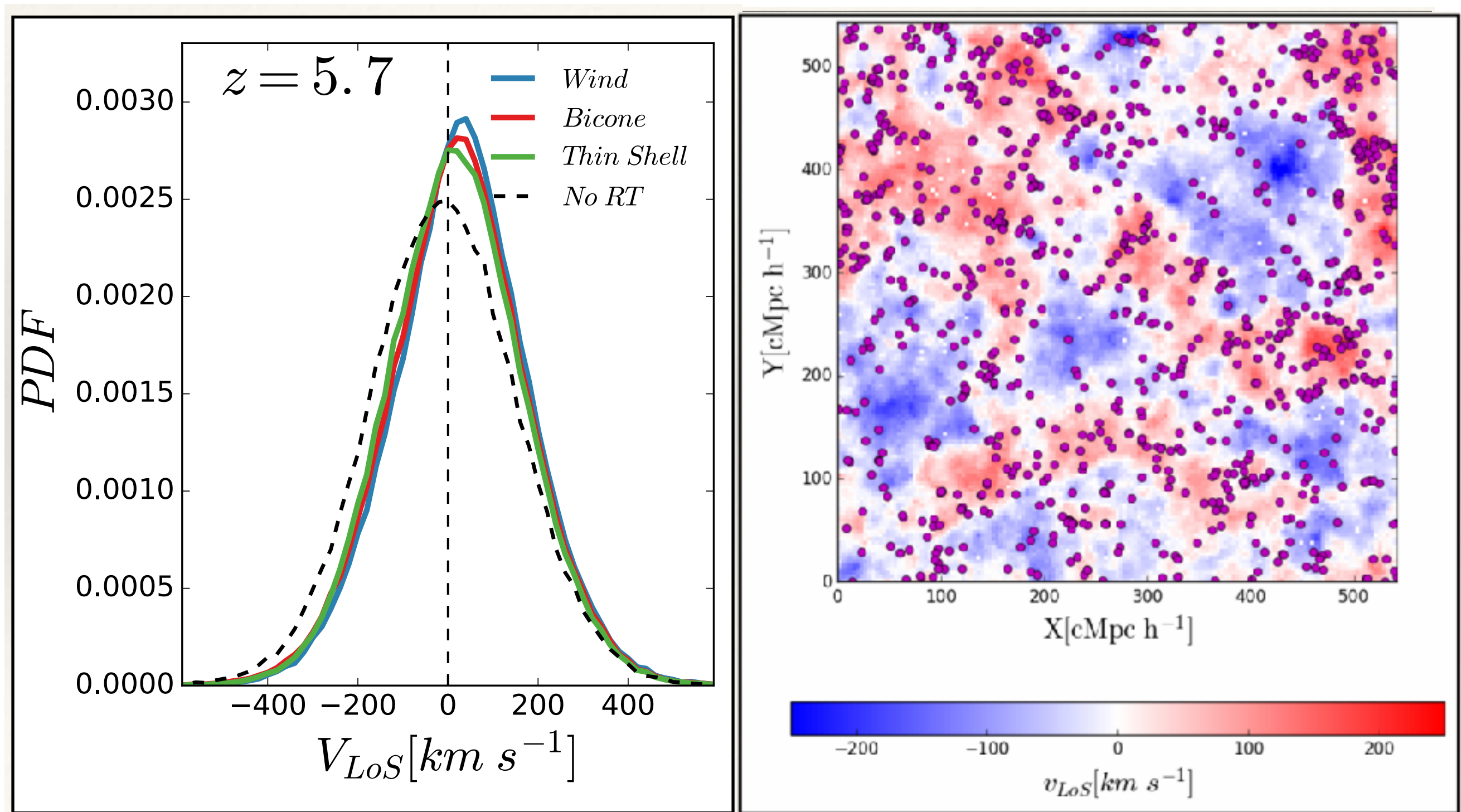
# Large-scale-dependent distortion in LAE clustering due to the IGM



Gurung-Lopez, Orsi et al. (in prep.)

Álvaro Orsi, aaorsi@cefca.es

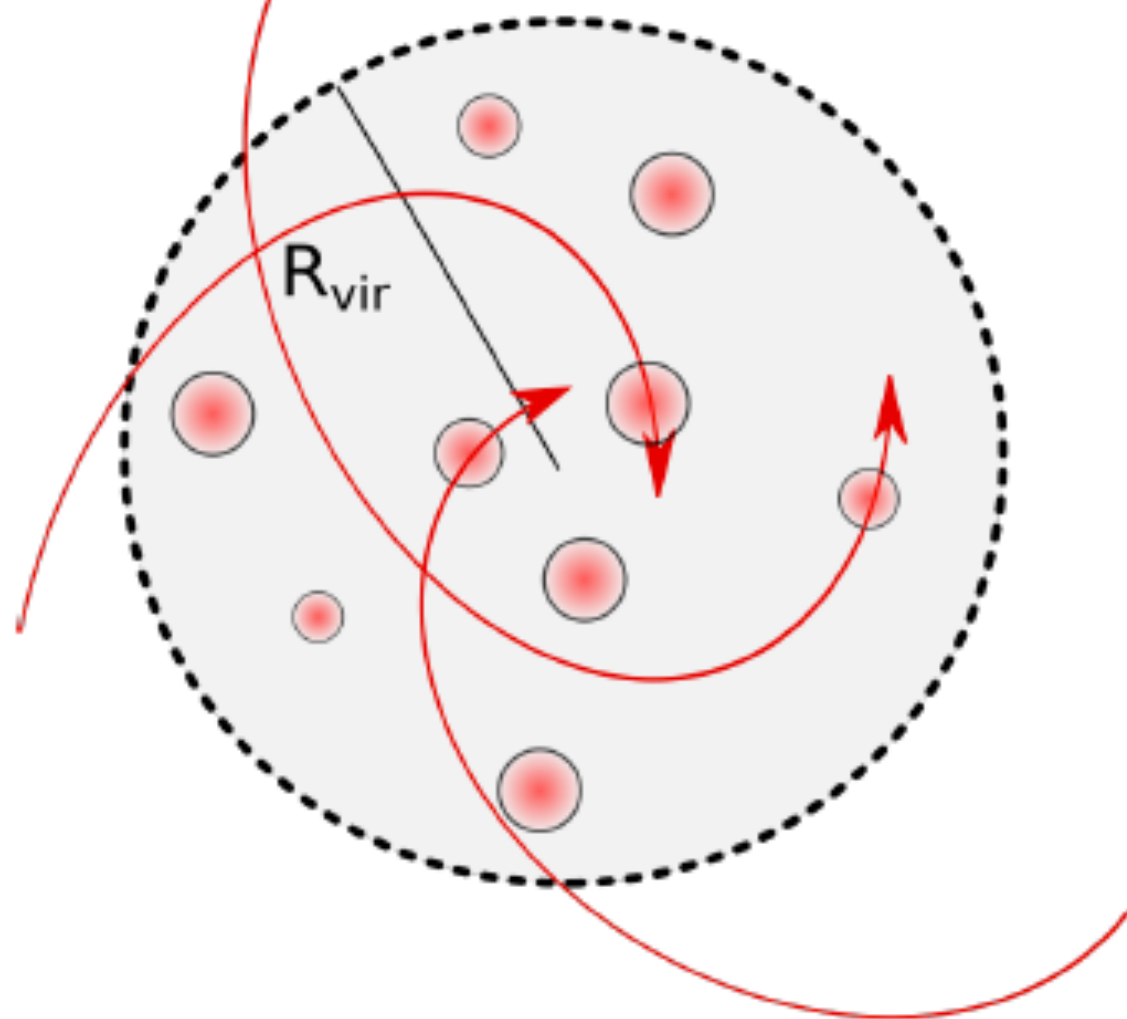
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Gurung-Lopez, Orsi et al. (in prep.)

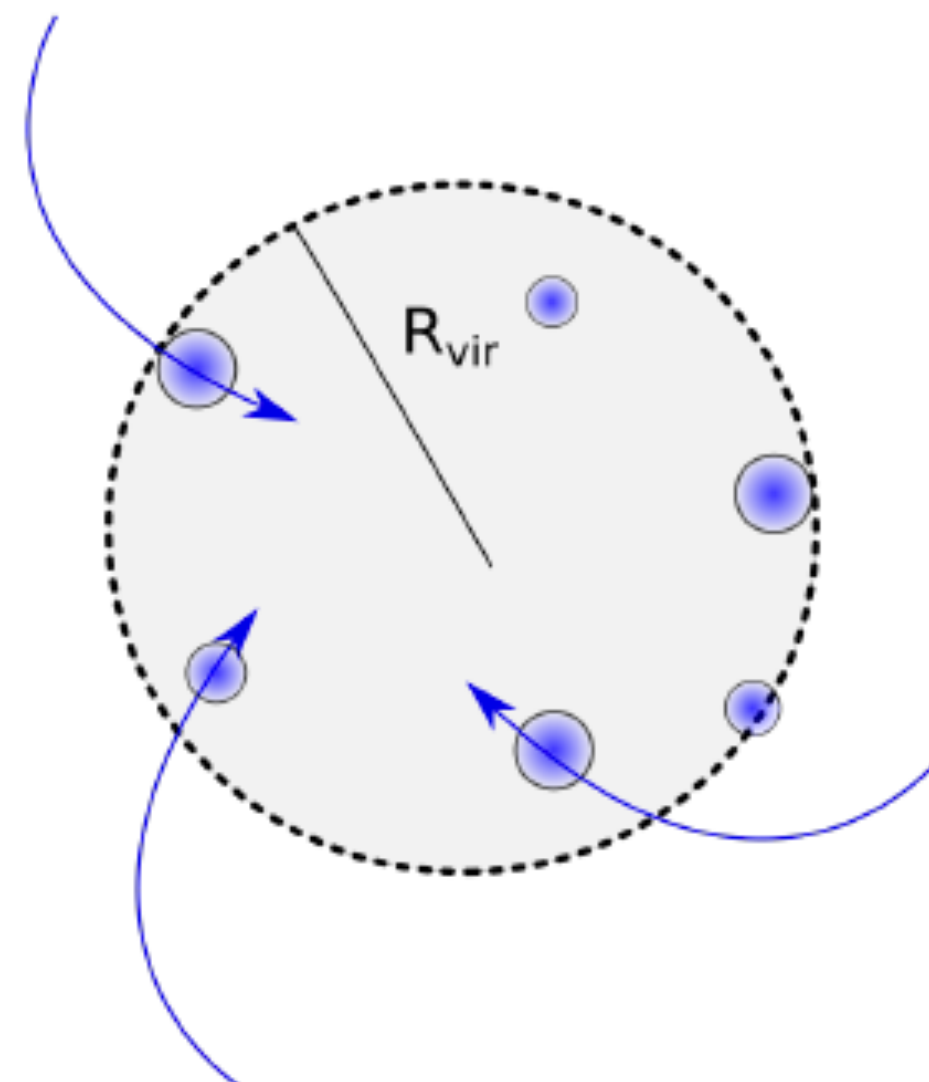
Álvaro Orsi, aaorsi@cefca.es

LRG



$$\langle M_{\text{halo}} \rangle = 5 \times 10^{12} M_{\odot}/h$$

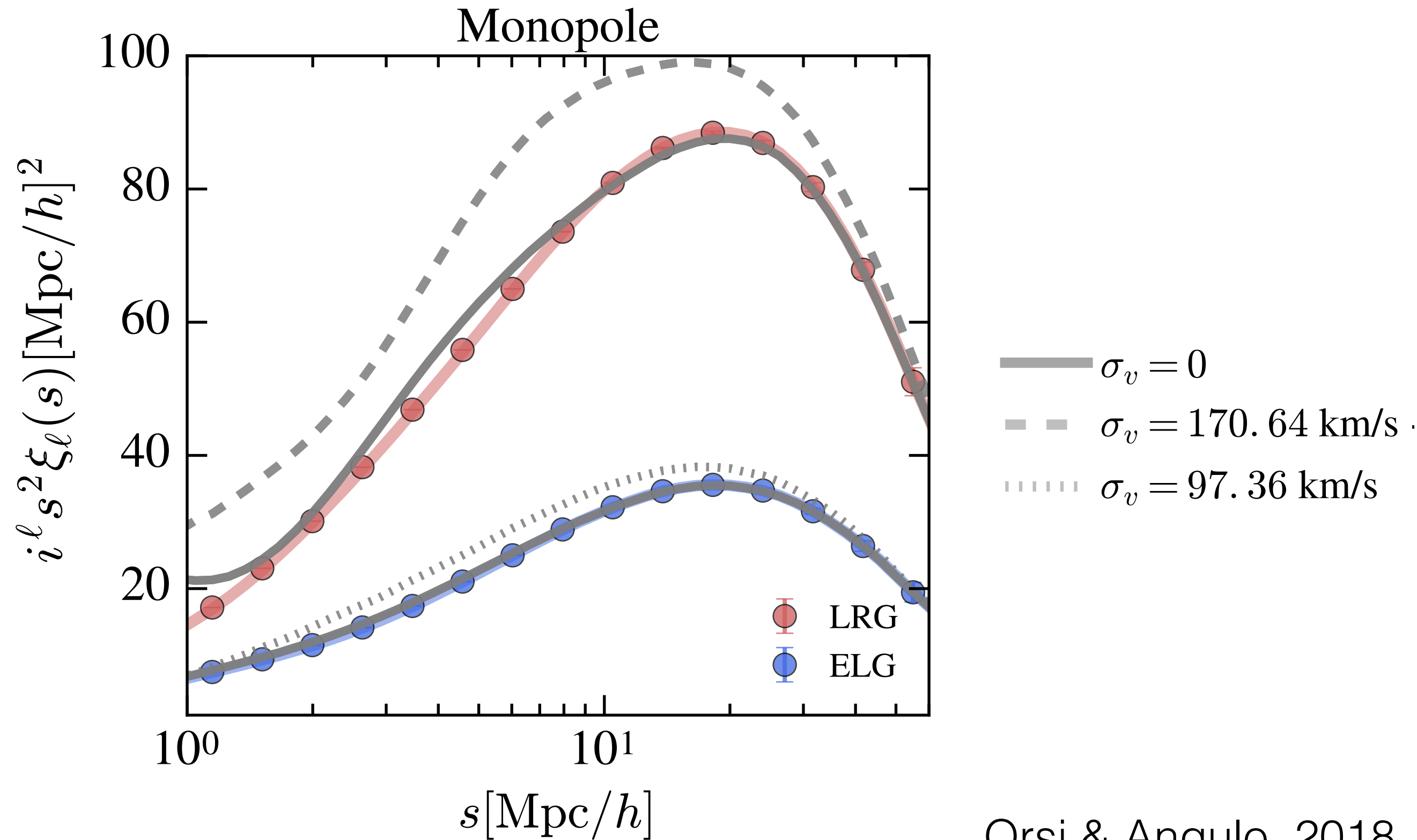
ELG



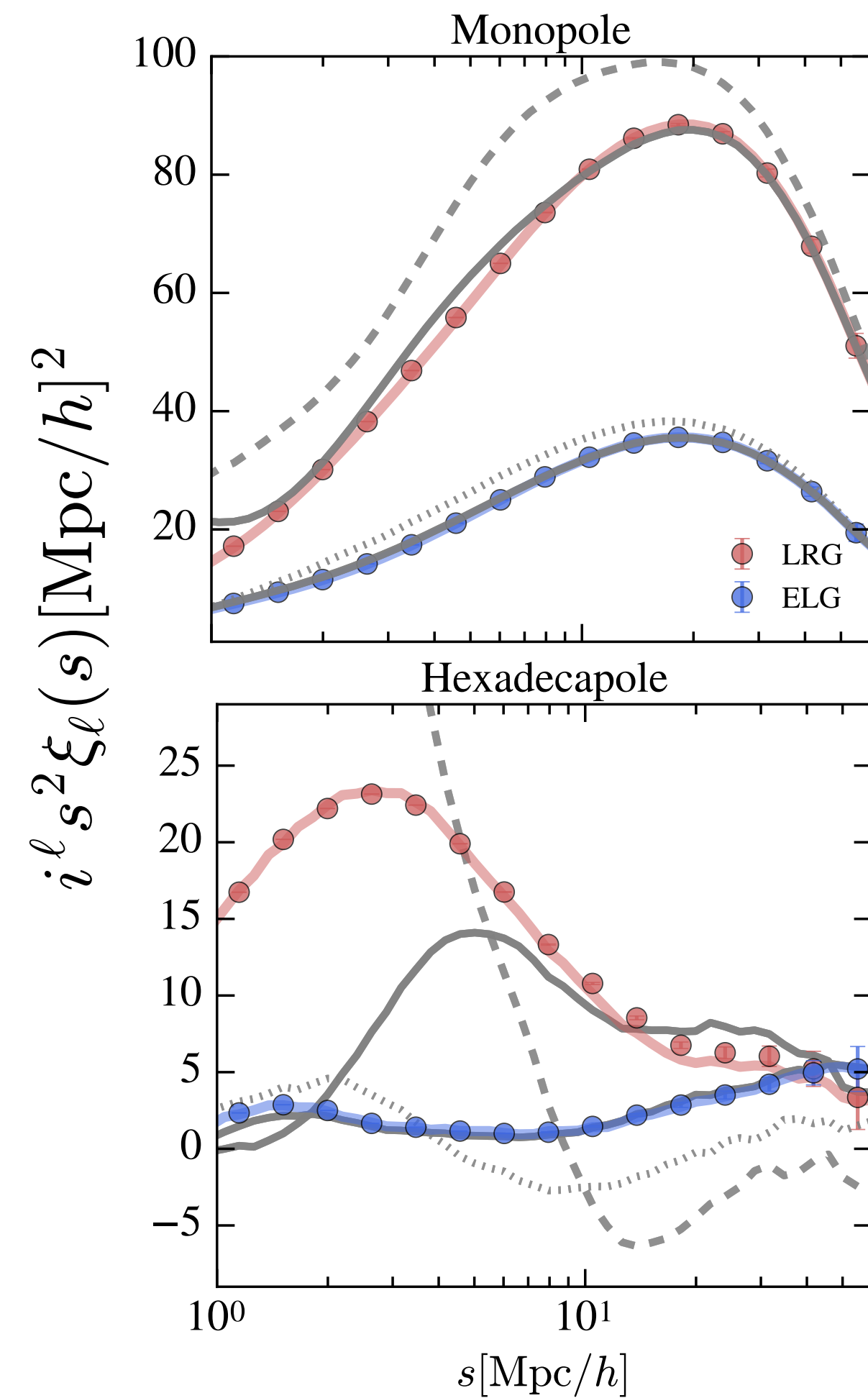
$$\langle M_{\text{halo}} \rangle = 7 \times 10^{11} M_{\odot}/h$$

Orsi & Angulo, 2018

# Testing the best possible clustering description



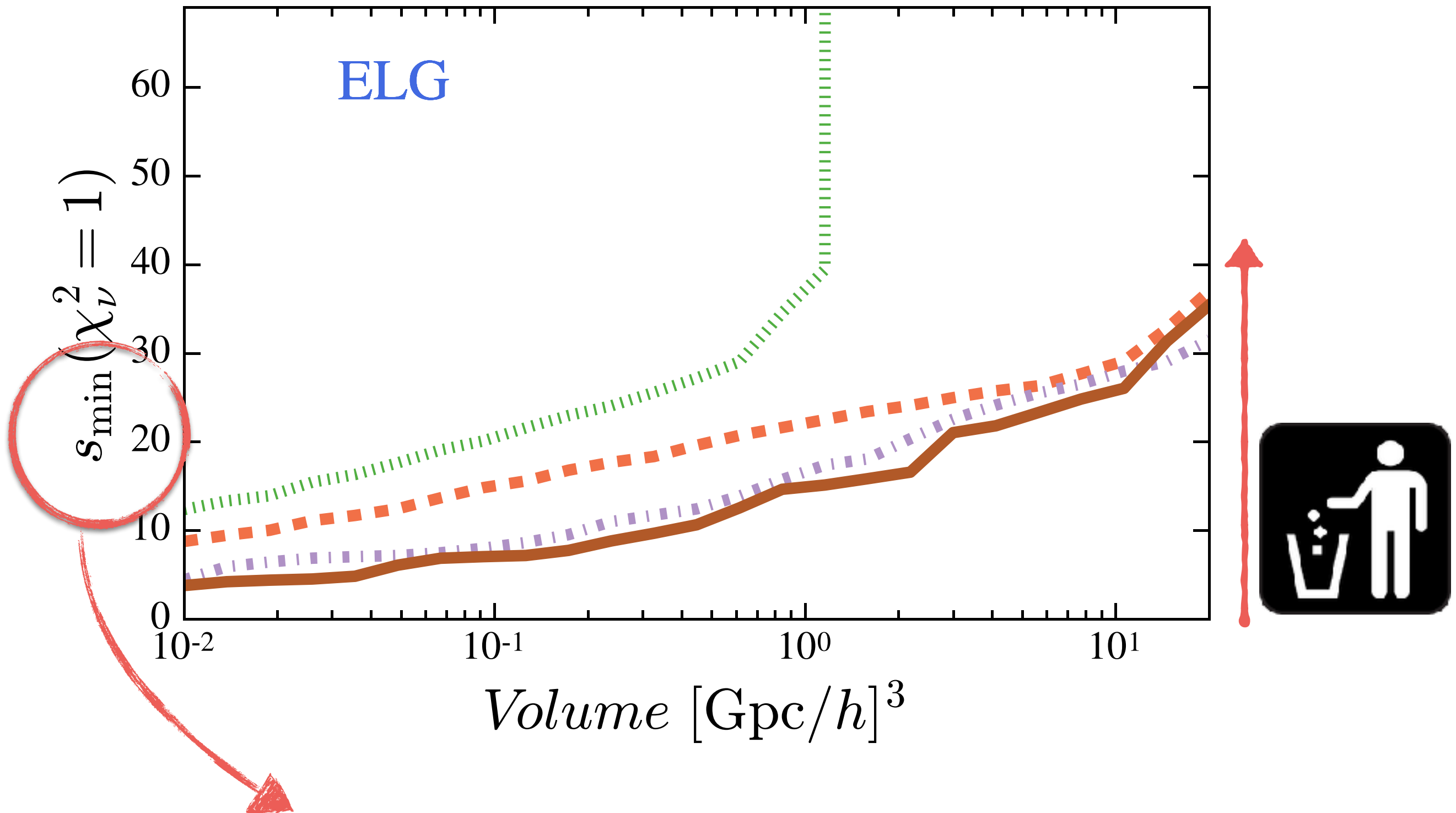
Orsi & Angulo, 2018



Satellite velocities can  
impact clustering  
significantly!

Orsi & Angulo, 2018

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# Conclusions

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- Large datasets of ELGs pose a new challenge
- Complicated selection function of MOS datasets
  - J-PAS/J-PLUS offer a complementary view of ELGs
- Galaxy formation effects: Key ingredient for interpreting surveys **and** cosmological analysis
  - *LAE clustering is strongly affected by the IGM*
  - *Small fraction of satellites impact redshift-space clustering*
    - *Keys to model: intra-halo spatial distribution and velocities*